Amendments to the Abstract:

Please replace the Abstract on page 27 with the following amended Abstract:

ABSTRACT

A method for determining Determining the complexity of an enterprise information resource management system being used to contain contains an ontology into which a plurality of enterprise data assets are mapped[[, the]]. The ontology including includes a plurality of model constructs[[, the]]. The enterprise data assets including include a plurality of assets constructs[[,]] and [[the]] mappings between the data assets and the ontology including include a plurality of mapping constructs, including receiving (i) a, A number of distinct asset constructs, denoted by CASSELT(ii) a number of distinct mapping constructs, denoted by Chappeng, and (iii) a number of distinct model constructs, denoted by Chappeng, are received. A metric of complexity, denoted by M, is evaluated for an enterprise information resource management system having a capacity corresponding to Casself. Chappeng, Chappeng, describing to a formula

$$M = f(C_{ASSET}, C_{MAPPING}, C_{MODEL}, X),$$

where f is a real-valued function of three or more real-valued parameters and X denotes optional the number of asset constructs, the number of mapping constructs, and the number of model constructs. The metric of complexity is evaluated based on a function value of the number of asset constructs, the number of mapping constructs, and the number of model constructs and specified additional parameters, and using the metric M within a transaction processing system, for license of the enterprise information resource management system. A system and computer readable storage medium are also described and claimed.